

The Vatnajökull Region

The Vatnajökull Region reaches from majestic Lómagnúpur in the west to scenic Hvalnes in the east. In this area travelers can visit Vatnajökull, the largest glacier in Europe, and its surrounding area, which has a lot to offer. Vatnajökull National Park is a magnificent area that boasts incredible ice caves, magical lagoons of floating ice, and crawling outlet glaciers, some within easy reach. Black sand beaches are a common sight in the Vatnajökull Region. The black sand is the result of the glacier grinding down its bedrock. Much of it is carried to the sea by glacial rivers where the waves, winds and currents mold it into complex scenic formations. In the most western part of the Vatnajökull Region is Skeiðarársandur which is the largest black "glacier" sand area in the world.

The area offers a wide variety of restaurants, many using locally grown ingredients. In the magnificent nature of the Vatnajökull Region, everyone can find enjoyable recreation. There are options for adventure trips as well as relaxing trips both in summer and winter and for all ages. Visitors in the Vatnajökull Region can choose from a variety of activities, scenic views, historical sites and points of interest. You can choose from vast outdoor activities such as golf, bird watching, fishing, horseback riding, mountaineering, trekking, ice climbing, glacier walks, kayak tours, boat tours, snowmobile tours and super jeep tours. The area also proudly presents marked hiking trails in various areas at the edge of Vatnajökull Glacier. Visit Þorbergur Centre of Culture or The Art Gallery in Höfn. Take a swim in the heated swimming pool in the town of Höfn or relax in the geothermal hot tubs in Höfelli. You will be in awe while travelling along the stunning countryside in the southeast, nestled between the glaciers and the Atlantic coastline. In addition, the scenic fishing town of Höfn is well worth a visit, as it is also known as the "Lobster Capital" of Iceland.



Glacial Lagoons

There are many stunning glacial lagoons in Vatnajökull Region. Jökulsárlón and Fjallsárlón lagoons have facilities for boat rides on the lagoons. The picturesque and scenic boat tours are an experience one would not want to miss. In addition, there is the option to go kayaking on Heinabergslón and Jökulsárlón lagoons. These lagoons are open for sailing from May to September, but during the winter season the lagoons are mostly covered with ice.



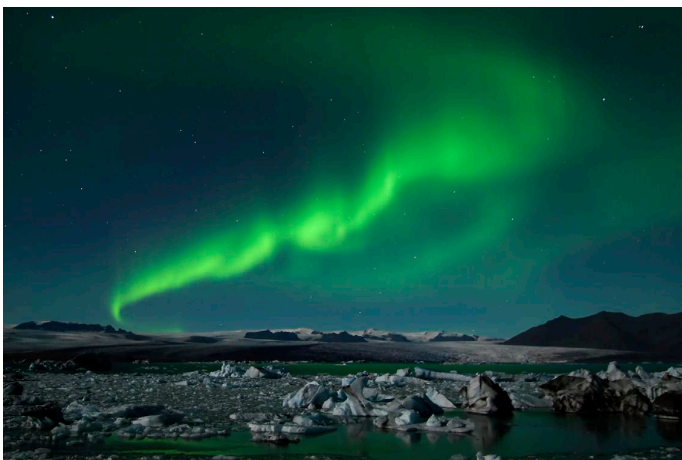
Glacier Trails

Hiking is always a popular mode of travel and many hiking trails exist in the region. A hiking map is available in the Vatnajökull Region which shows walking trails from Jökulsárlón lagoon in Breiðamerkursandur and Fjallsárlón lagoon; the trail is 15km long. The most recently opened trail is called Mýrargjökull. The trail is 22 km long and reaches from Haukafell in the east to Skálafell in the west. In both hikes you will learn about the flora and fauna of the area as well as getting a glimpse into the ways of life in this isolated area that has been dominated by glacier tongues and fierce glacial rivers. This is a part of a walking route that is being developed in the Vatnajökull Region and is expected in the future to extend from Skálafell in the west to Lónsöræfi in the east. Hiking maps are available in Gamlabúð in Höfn and Vatnajökull National Park visitor centre.



Glaciers and Ice Caves

Southeast Iceland is an area of great contrasts with volcanoes nesting underneath the majestic Vatnajökull ice cap, green birch forests rising in the black, sandy beaches and crystal blue ice caves hidden in the glaciers. The season for visiting glacial ice caves is from November to March, depending on weather conditions. The ice caves can shift and change from year to year and we warn you never to enter ice caves without the proper equipment and an experienced guide. There are various companies in the Vatnajökull Region that provide travelers with glacier activities, including glacier hikes, boat tours on ice lagoons and visits to the picturesque ice caves. A visit to the Vatnajökull Region is truly a once in a lifetime experience.



The Northern Lights

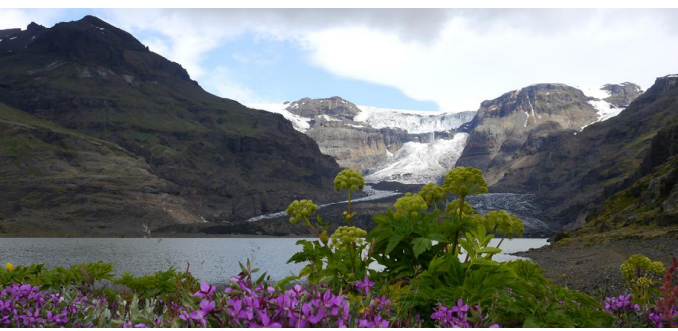
Aurora Borealis is a common sight in the south of Iceland during the winter season. The prime conditions for experiencing the northern lights would be on a clear, bitter cold and cloudless night between late November and March. If you wish to travel off the beaten track in search of the northern lights, you will be sure to find experienced guides in the area that know the best and most picturesque spots for Aurora hunting and photographing.



Höfn í Hornafirði

Hornafjörður is a vast municipality of 260 km of shoreline, with a population of just over 2,200 inhabitants. The southern part of Vatnajökull National Park is situated within the municipality and the scenery from the town of Höfn is breathtaking. This is an area rich in agriculture although the town blossomed around the diverse and rich fishing industry and is known as the "Lobster-capital" of Iceland. A visit to the local "Lobster-festival" is recommended, which is an annual event in the town of Höfn.

Tourism is a growing industry in Höfn and the town offers diverse accommodation, restaurants and activities. The area is also rich in varied birdlife and migratory birds from many different places. Southeast Iceland is one of the few places to see wild reindeer roaming the countryside. Many great hiking locations are in the area, most mountains other than the very highest can be safely hiked in good weather. Local artists have opened workshops in town that provide insights to the local design, art and craft, that often is inspired by nature. A visit to charming Gamlabúð, which houses Vatnajökull National Park Visitor Centre by the harbor in Höfn, is recommended upon arrival.

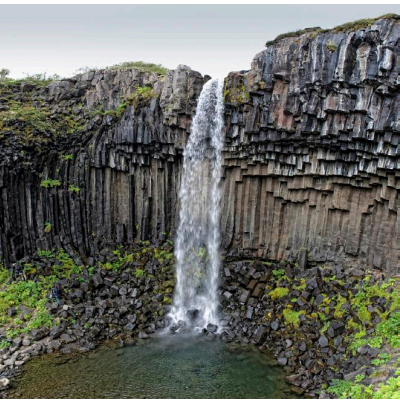


1 Skálafell

Skálafell in Örafi county was one of Iceland's most isolated areas until the early 70's when the last glacier river at the vast sands of Skeiðarársandur was bridged to complete the Ring Road of Iceland. Skálafell is a must-see for all visitors of the Vatnajökull Region. Skálafell is known as one of Iceland's most beautiful places with its magnificent contrasts of white glaciers, black sands and green meadows. The area of Skálafell is one of the most eminent jewels in Vatnajökull National Park; providing an array of hiking trails, a perfect place to witness the range of contrast and natural wonders that the national park boasts. Additionally, Skálafell has a good visitor centre where visitors can access practical information about activities and accommodation in the area.

4 Svartifoss

Svartifoss is one of the unique waterfalls in South-Iceland. It is situated in Skálafell, which belongs to Vatnajökull National Park. Svartifoss is fed by ice-cold meltwater from Svínafellsjökull glacier and tumbles down 20 metres (80ft) over a cliff which is bordered on both sides by tall black basalt columns. The hike to Svartifoss starts at the Visitor Centre in Skálafell. There you can also find all sorts of information and advice about the area. The hike is about 1.5 km or 45 minutes (one way).



7 Fjallsárlón

Scenic Fjallsárlón or Iceberg lagoon, is a glacial lagoon located around 10 km west of Jökulsárlón, at the southern edge of Vatnajökull glacier. With the steep glacier tongue, Fjallsjökull coming down from Vatnajökull and all the way into the lagoon, makes it a perfect peaceful place for photos as well as enjoying the untouched nature. Fjallsárlón also offers boat-tours on the lagoon as well as a bistro with fresh and tasty refreshments.

8 Breiðamerkursandur

Next to Jökulsárlón is a less known attraction named Breiðamerkursandur, which are fields of sand that get strewn with chunks of glacial ice, carried along the river Jökulsá in Breiðamerkursandur, towards the sea and then sent back upon the sands by the tides. The diamond-like pieces of glacier create a mesmerizing atmosphere in the close mist that often visits the beach. These glistening ice-diamonds create an even more spectacular vision in the winter months when the sun comes out and bathes the beach in magical lighting, which reflects off the ice. Waiting around in the darkness for the rising of the sun will be well worth the wait, despite the cold of the Icelandic winter night.



11 Heinaberg

Heinaberg is a beautiful area that consists of Heinabergsjökull glacier, the glacial lagoon Heinabergslón, where you can go kayaking among the icebergs during summer, and stunning landscape. The Heinaberg area is part of Vatnajökull National Park. The gorgeous glacial lagoon of Heinaberg, Heinabergslón, is accessible by car and is often studded with large chunks of glacier that break off the Heinabergsjökull glacier. The area offers excellent conditions for hikers, as it has several interesting hiking trails, along which one can see waterfalls, ravines, volcanic intrusions, and even, on a lucky day, a reindeer.



12 Fláajökull

Fláajökull is an easily accessible outlet glacier from Vatnajökull. The area offers spectacular views of the ever-receding glacier that has receded 2 km during the last one hundred years, leaving a glacial lagoon in its wake. The area can be described as a hikers' paradise as it has several good hiking trails and offers a rich variety in birdlife. The area is therefore an excellent destination for bird watchers, hikers and all who are interested in witnessing how the movement of the glacier shapes the surrounding landscape.



13 Haukafell

Haukafell is a forestry project that was launched in 1985 and now offers ample shelter to the low-lying, local vegetation, which mostly consists of berry-bushes that are ripe for picking in August. The area is situated east of Fláajökull glacier and is a popular outdoor area for the locals. There are various hiking trails to be enjoyed in the beautiful surroundings and the crispy fresh air. From Haukafell you find a marked hiking trail to Fláajökull glacier, where you cross a recent walkway over the Kolgráfarsá river. In Haukafell you find a good campsite in a beautiful area.

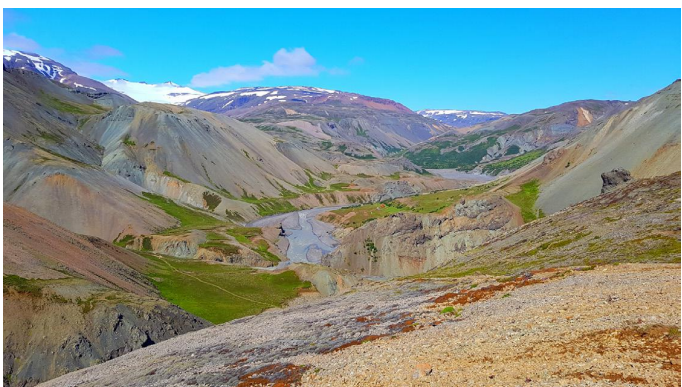
14 Hoffell

Hoffell is a farmland area characterized by a large outlet glacier named Hoffellsjökull and gabbro rock. Gabbro rock is originated deep in the Earth but is visible in the area due to the uplift of the area and glacial erosion, which gives the environment a greenish hue in the otherwise dark rocks. The area is preserved for outdoor recreation, as it is rich in vegetation, wildlife, and geological variety. The area's many hiking trails offer a stunning view of the diverse beautiful wonders it has to offer.



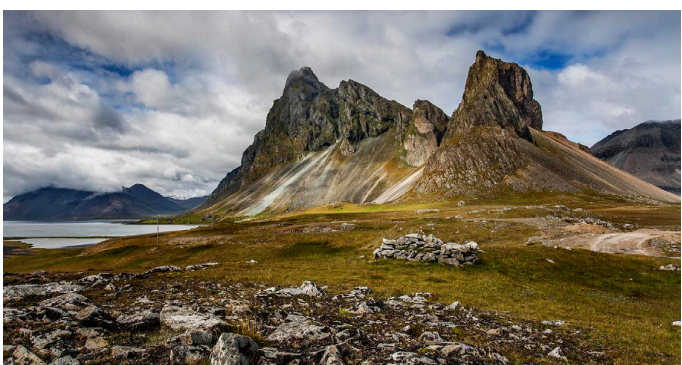
15 Ösland

Ösland is an island accessible by an isthmus (land bridge) and is situated just a few steps from the harbour area. There is rich birdlife in the area and the Arctic Tern is predominant during the nesting season. Walking trails circle the pond, Öslandstjörn, and are along the shore. From Ösland you can follow the nature trail that has been set up to model the solar system - it's been scaled down and has its sizes and distances in correct proportion.



18 Lónsöræfi

In Lón county, the most eastern area of the Vatnajökull Region, lie the Stafafellsfjöll mountains, also called Lónsöræfi. They dominate the skyline east of Vatnajökull glacier and have long comprised one of Iceland's most extensive protected areas. Besides the deep, rugged canyons, the landscape displays a wide range of colors owing to the presence of rhyolite and other colorful rocks. In contrast, there are also lushly vegetated and sheltered valleys offering a very good chance of spotting reindeer. The numerous hiking trails make this area perfect for hiking. Keep in mind that getting there can be very difficult and one should seek advice from a visitor- or information centre before attempting to go there.



19 Hvalnes

Hvalnes is a small peninsula with a black pebble beach that stretches on for a few kilometers. Sitting on its tip is a picturesque old, yellow lighthouse and an old turf farm with the same name of Hvalnes. The beach stretches for a few kilometers and would make a nice walk or you can just hang out on the beach and enjoy the view. It is an excellent location for bird watching and photography.

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Useful telephone numbers

- Road Conditions: 1777
- Weather Information: 902-0600
- Emergency Number: 112

Special driving & traffic information

Speed limits

The speed limit in urban areas is normally 50 km per hour. Outside towns, it is 90 km, on paved roads and 80 km on gravel roads.

Warning

Domestic animals are often close to, or even on, country roads. Drivers who hit animals may be required to pay for the damage.

Check weather and road conditions tel. 1777 or at www.road.is

Travellers intending to explore out-of-the-way areas are encouraged to use the Travellers' Reporting Service (ICE-SAR, tel. 570-5900)

BLINDHÆÐ
Blind rise

ÍLFLÆR VEGUR
Difficult road. Negotiable only by jeeps, i.e. vehicles which are higher than ordinary private cars and have 4-wheel drive.

NYLÖGÐ KLEING
Newly-laid road surface

ENSBRETT STÍLLAG
Single-width surface

ENDBREIÐ BRÚ
Single-width bridge

MALBIK ENÐAR
End of tarred road

SLYSASVÆÐI
Unbridged river

SLYSASVÆÐI
Accident risk area

South Iceland
The Official Tourist Map

Southwest region
The Official Tourist Map

Katla Geopark and Vestmannaeyjar
The Official Tourist Map

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